

The Topeka State Journal.

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TOPEKA, KANSAS, THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 21, 1894.

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR.

INGALLS' IDEAS.

The Ex-Senator Talks About Kansas in Cincinnati.

He Says the Republican Platform is Impregnable.

IN FAVOR OF SILVER.

Ingalls Says He Always Was a Bimetallist.

Repeal of the Sherman Act Did No Good.

CINCINNATI, June 21.—John J. Ingalls of Kansas, who is on his way east while stopping here a few hours was interviewed by an Enquirer reporter. The Enquirer says:

He is the same tall, narrow-shouldered, slender senator so familiar to all from constant caricature in the funny papers. Probably he seems a trifle grayer than when he headed the Kansas delegation in the last national convention, but, like all men built on the Cassius plan, he does not suffer much change in his general make-up.

As a rule he does not interview, but draws aside when asked to give a stated interview.

Yesterday, however, he was more than usually gracious, and talked to the Enquirer for an hour.

His first sentence, referring to the present political campaign in Kansas, was characteristic of the man.

"The Republicans of Kansas have nominated a ticket which is irreproachable," was his first comment, "and have adopted a platform which is impregnable," was his conclusion. Then he went on to tell how the pathway to Republican success might be impeded by the Populists and Prohibitionists. "The Populists have wrecked the state," he explained, "and have aroused the condemnation of our thinking people in Kansas. They have a fair platform, however, sought to distract attention and divert the public mind. The Prohibitionists are angry because neither Populists nor Republicans have endorsed the temperance, or rather prohibition cause. As yet the Democrats have made no nomination. I am inclined to believe that Kansas will again be in the Republican column after our next election."

Mr. Ingalls was asked about the sudden conversion of Republican leaders, notably Reed, to the cause of silver. The ex-senator bristled up and his face became animated at once.

"It has happened to them," he said, "as it happened to Saul of Tarsus as he went on his way to persecute the Christians. A great light has shone down upon our Republican friends and they have suddenly seen the popular demand for a settlement of the money question on a bimetallic basis. For myself, I have always been a bimetallicist and there can never be prosperity in this country until we can arrive at some agreement which will maintain the parity of gold and silver. We have seen that nothing was accomplished by the repeal of the Sherman purchasing clause. You remember we were told that prosperity would come, which was repeated."

"Now we see that nothing was accomplished; that more gold has gone out of the country than before the repeal; that the times are harder, the depression more decided and the prospects more disheartening now than ever before in the history of the nation. The financial distress now upon us is inexplicable to those who have the least knowledge of it, and there is no immediate prospect of relief. The lesson of it is that our people must become more economical, more frugal and saving. There has been too much extravagance, too much living from hand to mouth, with no thought for the morrow. The American people must begin to imitate the people of France and Germany in habits of economy and frugality."

Gradually the ex-senator approached the omnipresent subject of the tariff bill now pending in the senate.

"The Republican senators are now to be criticised," said Mr. Ingalls, who himself was once the leader of Republican senators. "I find everywhere a disposition to criticize and condemn the Republican members of the senate for blocking the tariff bill. Let them take it up, accept it and let it pass. There can be no resuscitation of business, no revival of credit, no return to prosperity until the tariff question is settled. The bill now pending is much better than the Republicans had reason to expect. There is no excuse for further debate. The tariff bill has been discussed ever since the nation has been a nation, and will be discussed as long as the nation exists. No amount of talk will evolve anything new. It is thrashing over the straw with a vengeance for our Republican senators to keep up the debate on any kind of silly pretense."

"Then, if you were in the senate again, would you urge the passage of the bill and vote for it?" he was asked.

"Most certainly. Let the bill become a law at once. The people of this country who are suffering from this delay should not be kept in suspense by our Republican friends in the senate. The object lesson for our party was gained long ago. Democratic inefficiency was long ago exposed. We have made all the capital out of their blundering that is possible. Now let the senate unite in giving the country the best tariff law obtainable under such circumstances. On the cars, in the hotels, everywhere that I talk with well-informed people, I find the severest condemnation of Republican senators for their prolongation of the suspense."

The wily ex-senator declined to speak of the presidency. He referred to Reed, McKinley and others as his personal friends, and added that in 1893 he was for McKinley, and cast the vote of Kansas for him in the convention. However, it is easy to infer from the ex-senator's remarks about silver and the tariff that he will hardly be for McKinley in 1896.

THE WHEELMEN'S FESTA.

Programme of the Doings at Denver in August.

DENVER, Colo., June 21.—The executive committee of the league of American wheelmen has outlined the following programme for the entertainment of guests during the six days of the national meet in August:

Monday, Aug. 13.—The morning will be devoted to an informal reception at headquarters. In the afternoon a general day parade of all the wheelmen is contemplated. In the evening a formal reception will be given at headquarters, where addresses will be made, followed by an entertainment.

Tuesday, Aug. 14th.—The morning and afternoon will be given up to several "runs," it being the intention to so diversify these runs as to meet the capacity of every visitor. One division will be taken by railroad to Palmer Lake, at the summit of the "divide" and will make the run back to Denver on wheels, a distance of fifty-four miles of continuous easy descent.

Wednesday, Aug. 15th.—A grand league picnic will be held on top of Mount Lookout, seventeen miles from Denver.

Thursday, August 16.—Morning, trial heats afternoon races. A new one of the road of a mile track, fifty feet wide has been laid out at the Denver wheel club athletic grounds, then the heart of the city, and no expense will be shared to make it the fastest in the country. In the evening a grand L. A. W. ball will be given at Coliseum hall.

Friday, Aug. 17th.—Morning, trial heats, afternoon races. Evening grand illuminated parade of wheelmen. There will also be banquet at 7 o'clock to L. A. W. officials.

Saturday, Aug. 18th.—Morning, trial heats afternoon races; evening farwell reception, entertainment and presentation of prizes.

THE LINWOOD WRECK.

The Second Trial of the Railroad Cases Begun.

CLAY CENTER, June 21.—The second trial in the damage cases against the Rock Island growing out of the wreck on the Union Pacific in January was begun yesterday. Today the case of Lissa Martin is being heard. The husband of the plaintiff was one of the eight people killed and suit is brought for \$10,000.

The judgments asked aggregate \$100,000. While the Rock Island company is the defendant that company holds the Union Pacific at fault. The Rock Island train ran into the Union Pacific, but the Rock Island alleges that the accident was due to a violation of rules governing the Union Pacific train under circumstances similar to the accident. The Union Pacific denies this. The point as to which company is really liable hinges on the interpretation of the rules.

When the Martin case was called this morning, N. H. Loomis appearing for the Union Pacific, presented a motion asking for a continuance on the ground that the most important witness for that side, Superintendent A. T. Palmer had been called to New York last Saturday because of the serious illness of his father. The motion was overruled and the selection of a jury was commenced; this will probably require the entire day. The actual trial will not begin before tomorrow morning.

IS LINCOLN TORN BY WIND.

Blow 84 Miles an Hour Tearing Up Trees and Walks.

LINCOLN, Neb., June 21.—This city was visited by one of the worst storms in its history yesterday afternoon and last night and occasional rumors outside that Lincoln had been destroyed. The wind blew as it has seldom blown before and the rain fell in torrents. The storm broke a few moments before 6 o'clock.

Wooden sidewalks and branches of trees and dust filled the air, and the only wonder is that there were not many more people injured. As it was, one or two narrow escapes from death were reported and many painful accidents. The velocity of the wind was 84 miles per hour. The greatest damage was probably to shade trees along the streets, and the loss in this respect is almost incalculable. Trees were broken off close to the ground in many instances, and almost denuded of branches in others. In many places the sidewalks were torn up and progress of the street cars impeded by fallen trees.

PRENDERGAST UGLY.

Tries to Strike the Bailiff and is Set Down With a Thump.

CHICAGO, June 21.—Assassin Prendergast was in an ugly mood when his insanity trial before Judge Payne was resumed today. After having been seated, the prisoner started towards the judge, waving his hands and scowling viciously. When stopped by bailiffs, he attempted to strike them, but was overpowered and put into his chair with a thump which kept him moody silent during the proceedings.

The day was occupied with an attempt to secure a jury, most of the talesmen called confessing to be prejudiced in the case.

OF COURSE IT WASN'T SO.

Supposed Interest of the Administration in Civil Service Reform.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—A rumor has been in circulation about the capitol that it was the intention of the civil service commission to prosecute all federal office holders who attend political conventions. This was denied today by Civil Service Commissioner Roosevelt, who said the commission had no authority to take such action. The rumor he explained probably had its origin in the re-issuance of President Cleveland's famous order of 1886, relative to politics in the administration of government affairs.

EVEN VERMONT ASKS IT.

Republicans Demand Continued and Extended Use of Silver.

MONTPELIER, Vt., June 21.—The Republican platform denounces the Wilson bill and the income tax and the repeal of the federal election law, and favors "the continued and extended use of silver in our circulation, within the extent of the ability of the government to preserve the present parity between gold and silver."

THE HORSES' DAY.

Immense Crowds Assembled at Sheephead Bay.

To See the Great Suburban Handicap Run.

RAMAPO THE WINNER.

Breaks the Record in the Fast Time 2:06 1-5.

Banquet Finishes Second With Sport Third.

New York, June 21.—The race for the Suburban handicap, one of the great events in the American turf world, is the event of today at the track of the Coney Island Jockey club. The turf track was in a perfect condition, being almost as hard and springy as the dirt course. Seven brush hurdles were scattered at convenient distances over the inner field and directly in front of the grand stand was the water jump, a formidable obstacle for the steeple chasers.

Hours before the time set for the racing the crowds began to pour in by train and boat, while hundreds of the happy possessors of road horses drove down through the beautiful Prospect park and along the boulevard and ocean park way to the track. But the sweltering mass of humanity that was ejected from every train picked little of shady byways and romantic paths. Their thoughts were of more material things, such as getting the best post odds on the horse they had picked for winner, or getting tips from the knowing ones, which so many bettors, not taking heed of experience still believe will some day lead to fortune.

The Starters.

But the race: the dozen starters with their jockeys, are as follows:

HORSE.	WEIGHT.	JOCKEY.
Sir Walter.	120	DORRIST.
Ramapo.	120	Paras.
Banquet.	119	Simms.
Don Alonso.	121 1/2	Lamley.
Sport.	114	Thompson.
Charade.	111	Blake.
Comanche.	112	Martin.
Pickpocket.	110	Bergen.
King Lee.	110	Thorpe.
Henry of Navarre.	108	Perkins.
Stowaway.	100	McDermott.

The horses were through with their morning exercise long before the crowd began to arrive and carefully tended and guarded were waiting the notes of the bugle that would be the signal for them to go to the post for the start in the race that is worth about \$11,000 to the winner.

The conditions of the race are: The Suburban Handicap, a sweepstakes of \$100 each, half forfeit and only \$10, if declared by April 23, with \$14,000 added, the second to receive \$2,500 out of the money so added and 20 per cent of the stakes, the third to receive \$1,500 out of the money so added and 10 per cent of the stakes; winners after the publication of the weights (April 16) of a race value \$2,000, five pounds extra; of two of \$2,000, or one of \$2,000, eight pounds extra; of three of \$2,000, or of two of \$4,000 or one of \$10,000 12 pounds extra; in the case of horses handicapped at 115 pounds or over, these penalties shall apply to the extent of one-half and in the case of those handicapped 122 pounds or over, to the extent of one quarter only and in the case of those handicapped at 130 pounds or over, they shall not apply at all; penalties in the case of 3-year-olds shall not make the weight exceed 115 pounds; one mile and a quarter.

No fast work was done this morning at Sheephead for the candidates for the Suburban, although most of the horses were out for general exercise. Sir Walter did not arrive at the track until 6 o'clock and was sent immediately to his stable for a rest as he had been traveling from Jerome Park a good part of the night. There was much discussion among trainers over his late appearance, and none thought that the horse was benefited by his journey so late in the day.

Ramapo and Kinglet were out early and were sent around the track slowly, both being on edge and Hyland not thinking it necessary to breeze them. Henry of Navarre was taken out and sent the circuit of the track after which he got a "pipe opener" through the stretch at a fair rate of speed. Pickpocket was sent out for a long gallop, but did not do any fast work. Stowaway was galloped slowly and breezed through the stretch, but did not seem to move well enough for the company he will have to keep.

The other candidates were at the Gravesend track. Don Alonso and Banquet were moved around the course slowly. Comanche did not need anything more than gentle exercise, for his race of yesterday was good enough to fit him for today's contest. Sport had an easy move. Charade did his final work yesterday, and only cantered today while King Lee had a smart gallop.

Trainers regard Ramapo as having the best chance of winning, with Henry of Navarre a close second choice. Had Sport a good jockey he would be considered with more favor. Pickpocket has a good following, who think everything depends on the start.

The afternoon sun beat down mercilessly on the track and the breeze which had been pleasantly cool all the morning died out. It was hot everywhere. In the betting ring it was like an oven when the betting began and the struggling mass of people fought with each other to get the best odds.

The first odds posted in the betting ring were as follows: Sir Walter, 4 to 1; King Lee, 15 to 1; Ramapo, 8 to 5; Kinglet, 25 to 1; Comanche, 15 to 1; Charade, 100 to 1; Henry of Navarre, 4 to 1; Stowaway, 40 to 1; Pickpocket, 8 to 1; Sport, 10 to 1; Banquet, 10 to 1; Don Alonso, 25 to 1.

Taylor will ride Stowaway. Every seat was occupied long before the racing

began. The spectacle was not so brilliant by many degrees as the one presented when the Brooklyn handicap was run.

Preliminary Races.

First race, for 3-year-olds and upwards; a sweepstakes of \$15 each, with \$1,000 added, five furlongs—Correction won, Stonenell second, Dolly (colt) third. Time, 0:59 2-5.

Second race—For 3-year-olds and upwards; purse of \$1,000; entrance \$15 each, to be divided, between second and third; winner to be sold at auction for \$3,000; one mile and an eighth: Candalaria first; Long Beach second; Melody third. Time 1:56 2-5.

Third race—Maiden race No. 1, a sweepstakes for 2-year-olds of \$15 each, with \$1,000 added; for horses that have never been placed first, second, or third; one-half mile. Mare first; St. Pauline second; Lucania third. Time 0:49.

Ramapo Wins Easily.

4:20 p. m.—Ramapo won the Suburban easily by a length, Banquet was second, three lengths in front of Sport, third. Time 2:06 1-5, breaking the record.

BOOM FOR POPULISTS.

American Railway Union Pledges Itself to Vote the Populist Party Ticket.

CHICAGO, June 21.—The Peoples' party and its principles were endorsed by the American Railroad Union convention today and by an enormous rising vote the delegates pledged themselves and their constituents to support the Peoples' party in its platform and its candidates.

This action was taken after a stirring speech by President Debs, and a set of resolutions was at once adopted with great enthusiasm.

The delegates also declared themselves unanimously in favor of the government ownership of railroads.

President W. H. Hoard, of the Longshoremen's union, addressed the convention, and pledged the assistance of the longshoremen in any trouble that may arise in this city.

It is stated that so many delegates have already received instructions from their constituents regarding the proposed boycott of the Pullman car company that the boycott is assured.

THE PROBATE COURT.

Judge Elliott Disposes of Two Cases of Matrimony and Two of Insanity.

Matrimony and insanity seem to be of equal ratio in the probate court this week. When there has been one, there has also been one of the other. There were two cases of each today.

Melvin Scantlin, aged 25, of North Chicago, was adjudged insane today by a jury of which Dr. McClintock was the foreman. He has never been considered very strong mentally.

Dr. Boam and five others also found that John Bemer of Topeka, who is in his 75th year, was not of sound mind. Bemer once lived in Atchison and lost his property there which has caused his affliction.

And matrimony: Gustave M. Jackson, 33, and Mrs. Minnie Carpenter, 25, both of Kansas City, were granted permission to establish a nuptial partnership, and will do it this afternoon if the train comes in from Emporia, where the bride has been visiting.

A Topeka couple, Charles Hansen and Emma Larson, aged respectively 22 and 20, were also given legal authority to wed.

THEIR BITTER FATE.

The Strike at Pana Declared Off-Strikers in a Bad Light.

PANA, Ill., June 21.—The strike at Pana has been declared off at a meeting of the miners' union. Every man was given the privilege of getting work as best he could at the operator's terms, but most of the local strikers will have to leave town, so it is reported, because their places have been filled by strangers.

The scale committee called on the operators and the latter told them they had all the miners they could employ at present and would not recognize the union.

OTTAWA, Ill., June 21.—The grand jury has reported 65 indictments to the circuit court, of which 25 were against the strikers who nearly murdered Sheriff Taylor and his deputies at La Salle on May 24, and against the men who destroyed the Scott and McNeil mines at Kangley and stoned Santa Fe trains at Streator.

INSULTED THE SENATE.

Senator Allen Renews His Unpleasant Language Toward Senator Chandler.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Mr. Chandler rose in the senate today to resent the terms used by Mr. Allen yesterday, in replying to his charge that there was a bargain by which he was given free lumber on condition that he should vote for the bill.

Mr. Allen replying said he proposed to do what he considered proper in spite of "low dirty insinuations" of the senator from New Hampshire, which he said were false. Then Mr. Allen renewed his expressions of yesterday.

Mr. Chandler rejoined that this only proved true what he before said, that the senator was not capable of understanding the courtesy which should characterize debate in the senate.

MR. PERKINS' FUNERAL.

His Remains to Be Interred at Washington Probably Next Saturday.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The funeral of ex-Senator Perkins will take place in this city, probably on Saturday, June 23, although definite arrangements concerning the time have not been made owing to the delay in hearing from friends. The interment will also be in a cemetery near Washington; for Mrs. Perkins intends to make this city her permanent home.

The Coke Strike Over.

SCOTTSVILLE, Pa., June 21.—To those not interested in the coke strike it looks as if the men had lost, but they will not admit it. The operators continue to import new men, and by the first of next week half the ovens in the region will be in operation.

Read the "Wants." Many of them are as interesting as news items. See if it is not so.

WARLIKE AGAIN.

Governor Pattison Orders Out Two Regiments

Of the National Guard to Proceed to Punxsutawney.

SITUATION ALARMING.

Seventeen Hundred Desperate Men on the March.

Citizens Are Afraid to Assist the Sheriff.

HARRISBURG, Pa., June 21.—Gov. Pattison issued orders today for the Fifth and Sixteenth regiments of the National guard and Sheridan troops to assist Sheriff Gourley, of Jefferson county, to suppress the disorder of the strikers and rioters.

Telegrams are being sent out by the adjutant general and the governor to Gen. John A. Wiley, brigadier general of the Second brigade.

Sheriff Gourley telegraphs that 700 Huns together with 1,000 sympathizers, are within three miles of Punxsutawney, and the situation grows more alarming every minute. It is said that the citizens will submit to arrest before going to certain death. The mob is in possession of the mining properties at Wolston, and the sheriff cannot control the situation.

The camp equipage is being prepared and will be sent to the scene of disorder on cars this afternoon.

The Huns and Italians at Punxsutawney are quarrelling among themselves and making the English speaking men do guard duty.

Two carloads of miners went to Horatio today. It is unsafe to go to Wolston today.

"A RAID ON WEALTH."

Senator Hill Makes His Speech On the Income Tax Today.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—There was a fairly good attendance in the galleries in anticipation of the opening of the income tax debate, when Vice President Stevenson called the senate to order today.

As soon as the clerk had read the first section of the income tax provisions, Mr. Hill, who assumed the leadership of the opposition to those provisions, took the floor and delivered a carefully prepared argument against the incorporation of an income tax in the tariff bill. Senator Hill said:

"The Democratic party was substantially united in favor of tariff revision, but it is well known that irreconcilable differences of opinion existed concerning the propriety of restoring a war tax in time of peace, and yet in spite of such recognized differences and in the face of the protests of Democratic constituencies and against the advice of public men who have never faltered in their devotion to true Democratic principles, the income tax feature has been grafted upon this measure and we are persistently asked to accept it against our better judgment as a condition of obtaining any tariff legislation."

"I believe that it is the solemn duty of a political party to redeem the promises upon which it obtained power, and that repudiation thereof will sooner or later bring disaster upon it at the hands of a betrayed and indignant people. For one I protest against the repudiation of the promises of the Democratic party in order to adopt and carry out the promises of the Populist party."

"The most disastrous defeat ever experienced by the Democratic party in Oregon was the result of the effort to substitute new-fangled Populist principles for the good old principles of true Democracy. Here and now I venture the prediction that the same result will follow the same effort everywhere."

Senator Hill presented a petition from a number of prominent business men of New York city asking that the income tax be stricken from the tariff bill. The petition was signed by Evan Thomas, William Seelaway, Louis Windmuller, J. Edward Simmonds, S. D. Backcock, W. Bayard Butting, John H. Inman and Alex. E. Orr.

"I," said Mr. Hill, "do not wish to drive such men off of the Democratic party by our unwise legislation in the hope of supplying their places with Adullamites, Coxeyites, socialists and all the 'rag tag and bob tail' elements of the community who will be attracted to us by our proposed raid upon the wealth of the country."

"The imposition of the income tax will drive New York, New Jersey and Connecticut into the Republican column, there to permanently remain."

The senate at 3:40 began voting on the first amendment to the income tax, that fixing the date when it shall cease to exist.

The date was fixed as proposed in amendments retaining the income tax until January 1, 1900, by a vote of 39 to 21, Teller, Dubois, Mitchell (Ore.), Republicans, voting with the Democrats.

An amendment to end the income tax January 1, 1898, was defeated, 28 to 39, and then it was agreed that the tax should run till January 1, 1900.

NO CIPHER MESSAGES.

Western Union Ordered Not to Receive Policy Numbers.

SERSEY CITY, N. J., June 21.—Chief of Police Murphy today notified the superintendent of the Western Union Telegraph Co., that in the future he must not receive cipher messages. The cipher messages referred to are the winning policy numbers which are drawn in Connecticut and wired to this city to be distributed among the local policy players.

The probability is that the Western Union company will disregard the orders of the police chief and the matter will be taken before the grand jury.

332 calls up the Peerless

BRYAN THE LEADER.

Silver Coinage Without Asking England Whether We May or Not.

OMAHA, June 21.—One thousand delegates and 590 visitors were present when the Democratic state silver conference for the purpose of organizing a state free coinage league was convened at noon by Temporary Chairman Hazlett of Beatrice. Many of the most prominent Democrats in the state occupied seats as delegates.

The wildest cheering followed the reading of the call, declaring for the free and unlimited coinage of the white metal.

After preliminary organization the conference will adjourn until evening when Hon. W. J. Bryan will address the members of the convention on the advisability of the United States at once proceeding to the free and unlimited coinage of silver without considering other nations.

He will maintain that this nation is great enough and strong enough commercially to maintain the parity between the two metals without international legislation or agreement and that the United States can secure a staple currency in no other manner than by the recognition of free silver.

He proposes to outline a well arranged plan of proceeding along this line for the government. Difference of opinion exists as to the advisability of saying anything about the administration.

There is a conservative element that maintains that it would be exceedingly wrong to condemn the administration, or accuse it of dishonesty just because of a difference of opinion on the financial question, and the desire of that branch is to adopt something very similar to the Missouri platform, specifying what the administration has done for which it has earned Democratic praise and let it go at that.

But there is another branch that will refuse to be satisfied with anything short of vigorous denunciation of the administration.

ESTELLA OSBORN HERE.

Supposed Instigator of the Hamble Murder Remains at Topeka Jail.

Murderer Clinton Osborn at Holton yesterday afternoon, waived preliminary examination and was bound over to the district court. Sheriff Naylor of Jefferson county took him to Holton from here so quietly, that the Holton people did not know he had been in their midst until he was lodged safely in the Shawnee county jail again.

Estella Osborn, the daughter of the alleged murderer was brought to Topeka at midnight last night, charged with conspiracy in the murder of Charles Hamble. The warrant alleges that she was the instigator of the murder while her father was the mere agent.

Miss Osborn is dressed in black and has a pleasant but not a pretty face. She is confined in a comfortable private cell at the county jail and declines to talk to newspaper men.

THE WEATHER.

Rainfall With More Promise by Weather Observer Jennings.

The temperature at 7 o'clock this morning, as recorded at the U. S. weather bureau, was 74 degrees and the humidity was 77 per cent. The wind at that time was blowing at the rate of seven miles an hour and was coming from Highland Park.

A little after 9 o'clock, however, the wind changed and at 2 o'clock this afternoon it was coming from the northwest at the rate of 19 miles an hour.

The temperature at 2 o'clock this afternoon was 75 degrees. At Swift & Holiday's it was 86 degrees.

The indications for the next 24 hours as prognosticated by Weather Observer T. B. Jennings are that there will be rain and cooler weather.

OVER FIFTY NOW.

The California Commonwealers Now Number That and Still Come.

Another invoice of fifteen of the California commonwealers arrived from Emporia today, and it is probable that ten or fifteen more will arrive by tomorrow morning. They are coming in on trains almost hourly in various ways.

The men are supporting themselves as best they can by selling commonweal literature—the book, the "History of the Commonweal," their songs and official newspaper, the "Searchlight," published at Chicago. Donations come in pretty freely from various sources, too. On Friday they expect to visit their comrades in the county jail, as that is the regular visiting day. The army is looking forward to a big attendance at the city park this evening if it does not rain.

HOW HARRY WAS BLED.

The Tammany Scandal in New York Gets Worse and Worse.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Before the Lexow committee old Harry Hill related his experiences in negotiating with the police for protection in